The Chadek Property Community Garden

By: The Soil Genesis and Geomorphology Class Earth and Environmental Sciences Department University of Iowa 2014





Outline

- Purpose of the project
- Site history
- Lab and field methods
- Soil descriptions
- Final results

Purpose

- Provide fresh produce and plants to area residents
- Improve the aesthetics of the neighborhood
- Create a stronger sense of community
- Create a green space for productivity and recreation



Location

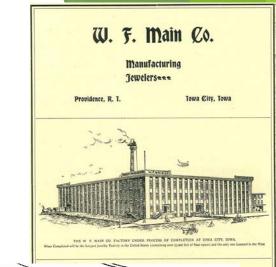
- The Chadek Property is located in the Morningside neighborhood of lowa City, south of City High and west of 1st Ave.
- The 4.86 acre lot has been proposed to be used as a community garden and green space
- The currently unused lot can be renewed as a productive part of the community

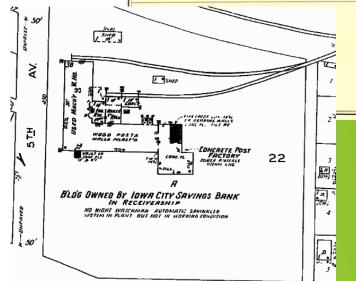




Sanborn Map Site History

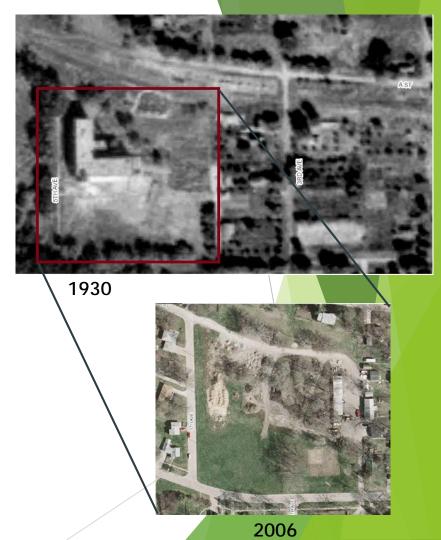
- 1895: Land purchased by W.F. Main.
 - Built a four story L-Shaped brick building
 - Originally manufactured costume jewelry
- 1920: Sanborn maps show the Puritan Manufacturing Building
 - Coal burning furnace and engine room
 - Rock Island and Pacific Railroad on north side of building with 2 sets of tracks leading to the building
- 1933: Building owned by Iowa City Savings Bank
 - Wood and concrete pillar manufacturing
 - Manufactured perfume bottles
 - Stored used machinery in building
- ☐ 1937: Building burned down
 - Before burning down, building housed the Boerner-Fry Extract Company, Franklin Prince Company, and the National Hybrid Seed Corn Company
- ☐ 1938-1941: No building present on Sanborn Maps
 - Railroad tracks still present on property

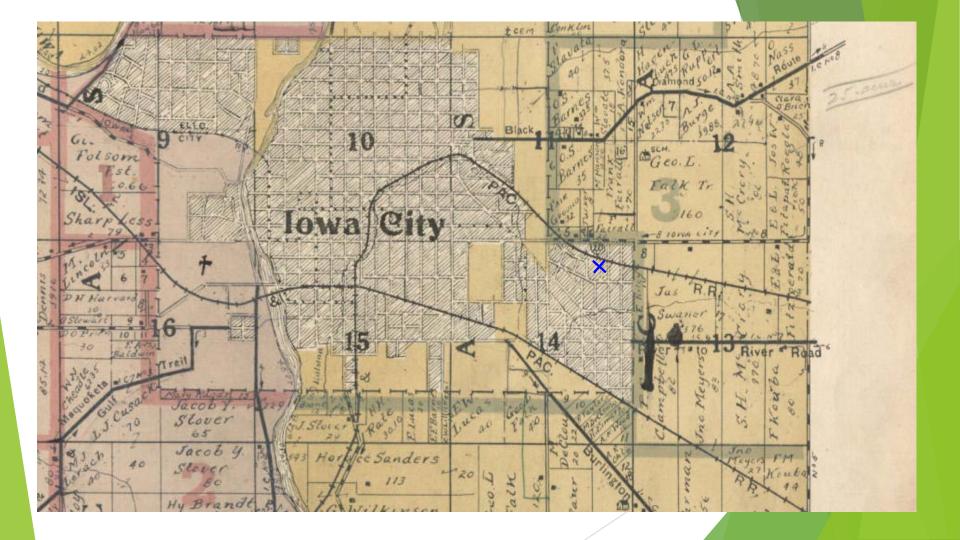




Site History cont'd...

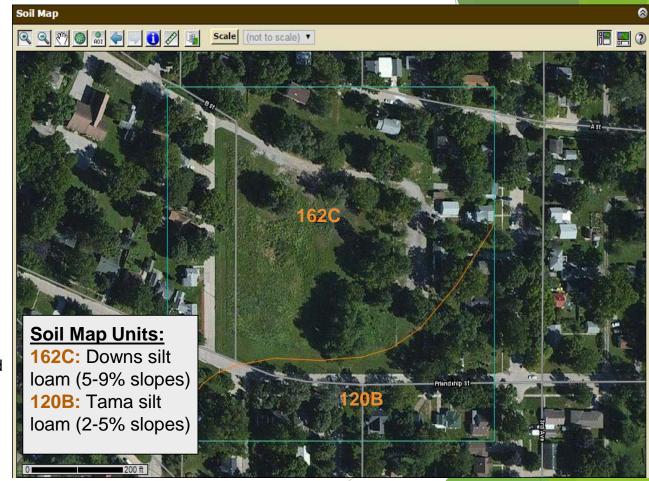
- 1952: Site purchased by Mr. Carl Chadek
 - Utilized as a play area for neighborhood children
 - Mr. Chadek also stored dirt and gravel associated with his trucking business located in the eastern adjoining property
- 2008: Site was purchased by the City of Iowa City
 - Remnant structure remained on northwest corner of the property, and was later removed





Web Soil Survey Information:

- <u>Downs</u> silt loam & <u>Tama</u> silt loam
- Formed in Loess (wind-blown silt)
- Well drained
- High water storage capacity
- Greater than 80 inches to water table and/or any restrictive features
- Both types of soil are considered to be <u>prime farmland</u> (if unaltered)



<u>Limited Site Investigation</u> (LSI)

Table 1: Results of TEH and RCRA Metals Analysis of Soil Samples (mg/kg)

	B-1	B-1	B-2	SWS for
Parameter	(0-4')	(10-12')	(10-12')	Soil
TEH				
Waste Oil	NA	<9.90	29.2	NA
RCRA Metals				
Barium	184	91.1	NA	15,000
Chromium	20.7	18.2	NA	97,000
Mercury	0.0229	<0.0235	NA	23

mg/kg = milligrams of contaminant per kilogram of soil (Terracon Inc. 2014) NA = not applicable

Table 2: Results of SVOC and RCRA Metals Analysis of Groundwater Samples (mg/L)

Parameter	B-1GW	B-2GW	SWS for a Protected Groundwater Source
SVOCs			
Bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate	0.000394	0.000557	0.006
RCRA Metals			
Barium	0.139	NA	2
Selenium	0.00721	NA	0.05

mg/L = milligrams of contaminant per liter of groundwater (Terracon Inc. 2014)



Methods

Field Methods Used:

Soil Descriptions Cores Bulk Density Samples

Lab Methods Used:

Bulk Density (g/cm3)
Electrical Conductivity
Test
pH Test
Humus
Potassium
Nitrate-N (Indicator
Test)
Nitrate (Strip Test)
Magnesium

Other Methods Used:

Historical Photos
Sanborn Maps
Web Soil Survey
Limited Site Investigation

Soil Unit Descriptions

Quadrants 1-4



- Soil was heavily compacted
- Large amounts of fill were present throughout, adding to the soil s compaction, and making it difficult to obtain soil profiles in this area.
- □ Cement or brick fill was found between 5-15 cm in each sample.
- Much of the area contained the cement/limestone pad lying just inches under the surface remaining from the original building, as well as bricks and other artifacts from the production of materials on the site.

- Horizons were clearly defined and included thick topsoil horizons
- Clayey subsoil horizon beneath the topsoil layer
- A topsoil horizon much thicker in SE portion of Quadrant 2
- In the SE corner of Quadrant 2 a thin layer of rubble was found
- Soil is more compacted along the roadside to the west





- Well-defined soil horizons
- Thick topsoil with clayey subsoil



Soil more compacted along S portion





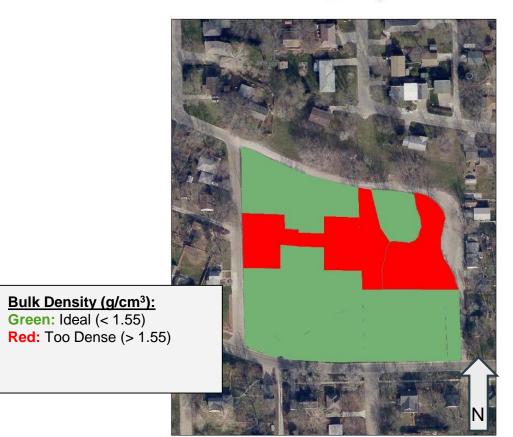
- Soil compaction is high in the W portion, average compaction in N-central portion. Low compaction in E portion due to gravel in subsurface.
- Soil in SW portion is mixed, back-filled soil, with ceramic glass and bricks in subsurface.
- Soil in the SE portion has gravel scattered on surface and subsurface.





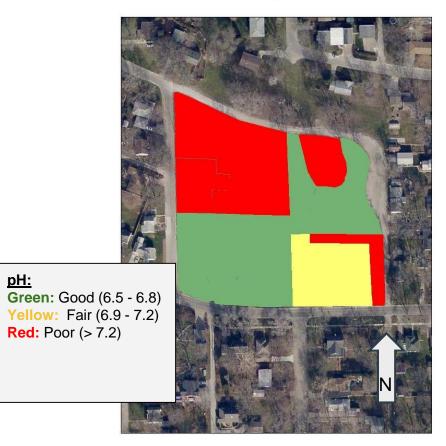
Results & Recommendations

Bulk Density

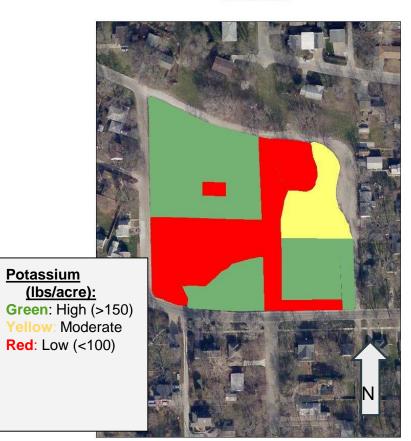








Potassium





Conclusions & Recommendations

- The property has had a long and varied history:
 - it has been everything from a factory to a hauling center
 - it has lead to variable soils around the property
 - Some areas are not suitable for gardens
- Soils in the most suitable part of the property should be enriched for better gardening
 - Humus, Nitrates, and Magnesium are low on the property, on average
 - Potassium is sufficient, on average, on the property
 - Addition of City of Iowa City compost would remedy these deficiencies

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